The Daily Courant.

Monday, June 19 1704.

From the Amst. Gazettes, dated June 20. & 24.

Turin, June, 10.

THE 31ſt of laſt Month the French came before Suza, and the Keys of the Town, which is not in a Condition of Defence, was preſented to them and accepted on honourable Terms. The 1ſt of June the Enemy attack'd a Redoubt on a riſing Ground call'd the Brunette, but were repuls'd. The 2d they batter'd that Redoubt with 6 Pieces of Cannon; and the ſame day the Count of Caſtleamonte having joyn'd the Garriſon of Suza with ſeveral Thouſand Peaſants, they attack'd the French with ſo much Vigour, that after a ſharp Diſpute they oblig'd them to retire with great Loſs, leaving their Artillery and 500 Men kill'd on the Ground, beſides a great Number of Priſoners. The Dead Bodies being ſtrip'd ſome Women were found among them. On our ſide 6 Waggon Loads of Wounded were brought hither, how many we had kill'd we cannot learn. Monſieur de Blagnac who commands in Suza, cauſs'd 2 the Conſuls of the Town to be ſiez'd and ſent hither bound, becauſe in one of their Houſes 800 new Muſquets were found with the Arms of France on them. The 4th at 3 in the Afternoon, the French renew'd the Attack of the Brunette and continued it till Night, but were repuls'd. The 5th in the Morning, the Duke de la Feuillade made a general Aſſault on the Brunette with all his Forces, and poſſes' himſelf of part of it; but Monſieur de Blagnac with ſome of our Troops, and Collonel Schulembourg with one of his Battallions acted with ſo great Bravery, that the Enemy was twice beaten clear out of the Redoubt. In this Action the French loſt above 1000 Men, among them ſeveral Officers. We had but 200 Men kill'd or wounded, among them ſome Officers; but the Enemy took ſeveral Priſoners, among them Collonel Schulembourg and the Major of his Regiment. The principal Officer of the French Artillery was kill'd. The 6th the French ſtorm'd the Brunette again, and oblig'd our Men to quit that Poſt and retire. Monſieur de Blagnac being fallen Sick, was carried out of the Citadel the 7th. Monſieur Bernardi is now Governour of it, and has ſent his Royal Highneſs word, he hopes to be able to hold out a Month; whereupon 'tis ſaid his Royal Highneſs is making Preparations to relieve it.

From the Paris Gazette, June 21.

Paris, June 21. The Chevalier de Teſſe, a Collonel of Foot, arriv'd from Suza the 16th with the following News. The Duke de la Feuillade, arriv'd the 29th of laſt Month before that Place, with 20 Battallions, 4 Regiments of Dragoons and a Train of Artillery, and immediatly poſſeſs'd himſelf of ſome riſing Grounds and other advantagious Poſts. The Enemies had a Body of 1400 Horſe on the further ſide of Suza in the Valley that leads towards Turin, and another, of between 15 and 1800 Foot on a Hill between the Camp and Suza, which cover'd the Place. There were ſeveral warm Skirmiſhes to diſlodge this laſt Body. The moſt conſiderable was on the 5th of this Month in the Morning, a great many of the Enemy were kill'd in it, and Collonel Schulemberg a German, the Count of Santena a Lieutenant Collonel, 3 other Officers and ſeveral Soldiers were taken. The ſame day they quitted their Poſt, and drew off in great Diſorder, becauſe of the extraordinary Fire they were oblig'd to endure. Their Horſe retir'd likewiſe. Then the Redoubt of Catinat was attack'd; the 7th it ſurrendred and 80 Men in it were made Priſoners of War. After which Batteries were rais'd againſt the Cittadel, the Garriſon of which deſpairing of Relief, capitulated the 12th and march'd out with their Arms and Baggage and 2 Pieces of Cannon, to be conducted to Turin. Yeſterday *Te Deum* was ſung for the taking of Suza.

From the Camp at Eppingen, June 7. The 5th inſt. the Count de Frize came to wait on the Duke of Marlborough from Prince Lewis of Baden, whom he left with his Army at Ehingen on this ſide the Danube, the Elector of Bavaria being encamp'd near Ulm on the other ſide. Yeſterday Count Wratiſlaw went from his Grace to confer with Prince Lewis on the occaſion of the Motions of the Enemy on the other ſide the Rhine. Count Tallard being on his March towards Landau, where the Marſhal Villeroy will be with his Detachment about the 10th inſtant. We expect Count Wratiſlaw back with Prince Lewis's Reſolution in three days, and the Count de Vehlen, who commands the Forces in the Lines of Stohlhoffen, is in the mean time taking all the neceſſary Precautions to hinder the Enemy's paſſing the Rhine. We march'd yeſterday from Ladenbourg to Wiſlock, and to day to this Place. Several of our Auxiliary Troops have joyned us in our March, and the reſt have Orders to haſten to the Rendezvous at Gielingen. The Foot and the Artillery under General Churchill, are to be this day at Heydelberg, where they halt tomorrow, and then purſue their March to joyn us. The Baron de Stafterol, Grand Marſhal to the Duke of Wirtemberg, is come to Compliment his Grace in the Name of the Duke his Maſter, and to aſſure him that all poſſible Aſſiſtance ſhall be given to our Troops in their March through his Territories.

From the Camp at Mundelſheim, June 9. Yeſterday we continued our March from Eppingen to Great Gardach, and this day we paſs'd the Neckar again at Lauffen and march'd to this Place, where my Lord Duke has Advice, that the Elector of Bavaria had repaſs'd the Danube, and was now encamp'd on this ſide the Ulm.

From the Camp at Great Heppach, June 12. The 10th in the Morning an Adjutant General came to acquaint my Lord Duke that Prince Eugene of Savoy, with Count Wratiſlau, were on the Road to our Camp, intending to Dine with his Grace; and about three in the Afternoon his Highneſs came to his Grace's Quarters at Mondelſheim, where he was receiv'd with all Marks of Honour due to his Rank and Quality. He was ſeveral hours in Conference with his Grace, and made yeſterdays March with us, in order to meet Prince Lewis of Baden, who is expected here this day, to concert Meaſures for this Campaign. In the Morning the Troops being drawn out in order of Battle, his Grace accompanied Prince Eugene to the Review of them, and his Highneſs was ſurpriz'd to find them in ſo good a Condition after ſo long a March. We have an Account from Prince Lewis's Army, That three Regiments of Horſe march'd from thence the 8th inſtant, towards the Lines of Stohlhoffen, and were follow'd the 10th by 9000 Pruſſian Forces; Prince Eugene is haſtening thither to obſerve the Enemy, and to take care of the Security of the Rhine.

From the Camp at Eberſpach, June 15. The 13th inſtan

inſtant in the Morning my Lord Duke of Marlborough being inform'd by Count Wratiſlau that Prince Lewis of Baden was coming Poſt to meet his Grace, ſent Collonel Cadogan with a Compliment to his Highneſs, whom he found at Eſſlingen with Prince Lobkowitz, his Nephew, and conducted them to Great Heppach, where a Conference was held that Evening, wherein it was reſolv'd that our Troops in the Neighbourhood ſhould joyn the Army on the Danube for ſome days, and that Prince Lewis and his Grace ſhould each have his day of command alternatively, while they are together. Yeſterday Morning early the Horſe march'd from Great Heppach, where his Grace ſtaid to entertain Prince Lewis and Prince Eugene at Dinner; after which, the former return'd to his Army on the Danube, and Prince Eugene went Poſt for Philipsburg to command the Army on the Rhine. In the Evening his Grace joyn'd the Troops in this Camp, where the Prince of Heſſe, with Monſieur Bulau and the Baron de Hompeſch attended to give his Grace an Account that the Troops were all in the Neighbourhood, ready to march to the appointed Rendezvous.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated June 24.

Philipsburg, June 17. The Marſhals de Tallard and Villeroy, and the Count de Coignies, are joyn'd with the Bodies they command; with deſign to endeavour to paſs the Rhine below this Place to make a Diverſion, or to paſs it above Strasbourg to march a ſtrong Reinforcement to the Elector of Bavaria. Prince Eugene of Savoy is expected hourly here to command the Army on the Rhine; the Danes under the Duke of Wirtemberg, are to come and ſerve under him.

The Leiden Courant dated June 25 ſays, Letters from Nuremberg adviſe, that the Elector of Bavaria has ſeparated his Troops from the Marſhal de Marſin's; and that there is certain Advice by the way of Berlin, that the ſaid Elector has quitted the French Intereſt, and declar'd for the Emperor and Empire.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated June 24.

Marſeilles, June 6. The Count de Grignan receiv'd Advice by a Courier yeſterday, that the Enemies Fleet had appear'd off the Iſland Hieres; whereupon the Count went away immediately for Thoulon and other Places where his Preſence may be neceſſary: He has diſpatch'd Orders through the whole Province for the Militia to draw down towards the Coaſt, apprehending the Enemy may make a Deſcent in the lower Provence with the Aſſiſtance of the Gatriſon of Nice. Yeſterday the Enemies Fleet was ſeen ſtanding along the Coaſts of Provence towards Nice and Villa Franca. They write from Thoulon the 5th, that ſix of our Galleys are gone out to get a View of the Enemies Fleet; two Frigats are ſent to meet the Count de Thoulouſe and acquaint him that the Enemy are on our Coaſt. Six Men of War lye ready in the Road of Thoulon to joyn the Count de Thoulouſe when he comes into that Harbour.

From the Paris Gazette June 21.

Madrid, June 3. The 28th of laſt Month, the Enemies Fleet conſiſting of 50 Sail great and little, came before Barcelona. The Prince of Darmſtad ſent a Boat aſhore with a white Flag, to acquaint the Governour that he deſir'd ro ſpeak with him on the part of the Emperor; but he return'd Anſwer that he had no Order from the King to hear what he had to ſay. The Prince of Darmſtad ſent a ſecond Meſſage, and receiv'd the ſame anſwer agen: yet he ſent ſeveral Pacquets of the Arch Dukes Manifeſtoes to the principal Men of the City, and of the Deputation of Barcelona: Thoſe to whom they were directed, would not open them, but carried them to the Vice-roy Don Franciſco de Velaſco. The 30th the Enemies landed about 2500 Men, who drew up in Order at ſome diſtance from the Town; and then the Prince of Darmſtad ſent a Trumpet to ſummon the Viceroy to ſend the Keys to him within 4 Hours. The Trumpet was ſent back with this Anſwer from the Viceroy, that he would be very glad to give Signal Proofs of his Fidelity and Zeal for the Service of Philip V. his lawful King, und that the Citizens and the whole body of the Nobility and Gentry had the ſame Sentiments. The Prince of Darmſtad upon this, and upon ſeeing no Effect of the ſecret Intelligence he had with ſome Perſons in the City, caus'd his Men to go on board agen the ſame Day. The 31ſt. the Enemy threw about 300 Bombs into the Town, but did no great Damage. The 1ſt of this Month they ſet ſail in the Morning, and by 11 a Clock were out of Sight. The Viceroy being inform'd that ſome mean People had attempted to open the Gate del Angel, and let in the Enemy, caus'd them all to be Siez'd. There was in Barcelona 2500 Men of regular Troops, and 600 Neapolitan Cuiraſſiers that lately arriv'd there, beſides ſome of the Country Militia; and the Viceroy deſign'd to have attack'd the Enemy had they not retir'd ſo quick.

Paris. June 21. We have Advice from Toulon of the 12th Inſtant, that the Count de Toulouſe, having entred into the Mediterranean with 23 Men of War that are under his Command, tho' he had no certain Information of the Enemies Force, ſtood along the Coaſt of Spain; Off Cape de Gatte, he found the Sieur du Queſne with 6 Men of War that were came from Toulon. With this Reinforcement he reſolv'd to ſeek the Enemy, and keeping along the Coaſt of Spain, he was inform'd by a French-man and by other Seamen of the Enemy's Fleet, who were left in a Village on the Coaſt, that the Enemy had 45 Ships of War, and they told him the Names of them; The Superiority of the Enemy, made him reſolve to ſteer for Toulon to joyn the Ships his Majeſty had order'd to be fitted out there. The 8th at Daybreak he diſcover'd the Enemies Fleet 20 Leagues from Minorca; he had time to take a View of them, and to count diſtinctly 45 Ships of War: The King's Ships were to windward of them, but there being no likelihood of coming off with Succeſs had he engaged with ſo unequal a Force, he judg'd it beſt to purſue his Courſe; The Enemy had the Wind of his Majeſty's Ships for a whole Day together, but could not get up with them cloſe enough to attack them.

There are Advices from other Places which ſay, Sir George Rooke ſtop'd at Thoulon and threw ſome Bombs into it, and that he is now at Villa Franca, where 1000 Vaudois with their Officers are arriv'd, and where a great Number of flat-bottom'd Boats are getting together, in order, 'tis ſuppos'd, for making ſome Deſcent.

London, June 19.

On Saturday Stocks were as follows, Bank 126. New Comp. 252. Shares 30 & 2 qr. Old Comp. 131 & 3 qrs. Million Bank 87. Sword Blades 85. African 19 & 3 qrs.

Not Acted theſe Three Years.

For the Benefit of Mrs. ROGERS.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, this preſent Monday being the 19th of June, will be reviv'd a Play call'd, The Tempeſt, or, The Inchanted Iſland. With the Original Muſick, perform'd by Mr. Leveridge and others. With Dancing By Monſieur du Ruel, Mrs. du Ruel and Monſieur Cherrier and others. The part of Proſper acted by Mr. Powell, and all the reſt of the parts to be perform'd to the beſt advantage.

For the Benefit of Mr. Hall and Mr. Swiny.

Not Acted theſe Five Years.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, on Wedneſday next being the 21ſt of June, will be reviv'd a Comedy call'd, The Fond Husband, or, The Plotting Siſters. All the Parts being play'd to the beſt Advantage. Particularly the Part of Raſhly by Mr. Powell. Dancing by Monſieur du Ruel and Mrs. du Ruel. And the Cyclops Dance which was perform'd in the Opera of Pſyche, in which Monſieur Cherrier perform'd the Part of Vulcan with great Applauſe. And at the Deſire of ſeveral Perſons of Quality, the famous Signiora Franciſca Margarita de l'Epine will perform ſeveral Entertainments of Singing in Italian and Engliſh, particularly a Song ſet by the late Mr. Henry Purcell, beginning, O lead me to ſome peaceful Gloom, &c.

Jeſuit's Bark, well garbled, ſeveral Sortments, from Four to Ten Shillings per Pound, to be Sold by Robert Fary Druggiſt near St. Magnus Church entring on London-bridge.

☞ Note, The BOHEE TEA publiſh'd in this Paper at Sixteen Shillings per Pound, the remainder will be Sold at Twelve Shillings by the ſame Robert Fary Druggiſt.

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